

## UM-Chor7

### **Introduction**

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The UM-Chor7 cell line was developed by Dr. Mark Prince and John Henry Owen at the University of Michigan from a primary clival chordoma presenting in a 34-year-old female. It is one of the slower growing and difficult to maintain chordoma cell lines.

### **Media formulation**

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#### Materials

- IMDM (Gibco, Cat# 12440079)
- RPMI 1640 (Gibco, Cat# 11875085)
- FBS, Certified, US (Gibco, Cat# 16000044) or equivalent quality FBS
- MEM NEAA (Corning, Cat# 25-025-CIR)
- GlutaMAX (Gibco, Cat#35050061)
- Nalgene Rapid-Flow Vacuum Filter (Thermo Scientific, Cat# 5660010)

#### (4:1) IMDM/RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS + 1% NEAA + 1% GlutaMAX media preparation protocol

1. Prepare media in the bio-safety cabinet using aseptic technique. This media is made without antibiotics so extra precautions need to be taken.
2. Douse items in 70% Ethanol and place in bio-safety cabinet. Wait at least 10 minutes so ethanol has a chance to disinfect. Check for liquid at base of cap, if present, aspirate.
3. Create 500mL of media using volumes to the right by pipetting the media components into the upper compartment of a 500mL Nalgene vacuum filter, filter the components, and then store media at 4°C.

Component	Volume (mL)
IMDM	352
RPMI	88
FBS	50
NEAA	5
GlutaMAX	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>500</b>

### **Culturing characteristics**

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This cell line is thawed using CF Labs general thawing protocol, [found here](#). This line can be grown on standard tissue culture treated, non-collagen coated vessel surfaces as this line's viability and growth are not dependent on collagen.